## Introduction to Place Value

## Concept

Our number system is based on the number 10 and we write all numbers using the digits
$0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$. The digits position determines its value. For example 2 in 279 has different value than 2 in the number 972

Each position of numbers has a value and name. WE call these positions "Place Value" The first three place values are given below.

## Example

Hundreds
Take a look at the number to the $\mathbf{.} 475$ has 4 hundreds, 7 tens and 5 ones which means $400+70+5=475$
 Ones

So the ones are the small values and hundreds are the larger ones. In other ways as we move to the left values are increases.

## Assignment

1 Look at the following numbers and write their place value:
345
891
257
1206
(2) Now, look at these place values and write the number:

Two hundreds, three tens, seven ones

Five hundreds, six tens, eight ones

Nine hundreds, four tens, two ones

Eight hundreds, three tens, four ones

