Division Basics

Relation of Multiplication & Division

Student's Name:

class:

Multiplication and Division are closely related. They are inverse to each other. When we divide, we look to separate into equal groups, while multiplication involves joining equal groups.



For Example:-

$$28 \div 7 = 4$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

$$32 \div 4 = 8$$

$$8 \times 4 = 32$$

Now, do some practice:

$$--x 2 = 30$$

$$--x 5 = 80$$

$$---x 9 = 81$$

$$---$$
 x 3 = 21

$$--$$
 x 2 = 96

$$--$$
 x 6 = 120

$$--x 5 = 75$$

$$---x 6 = 84$$

$$--x 3 = 78$$

$$--x 7 = 56$$

$$---x 4 = 24$$

$$---x 7 = 63$$

$$--x 9 = 45$$

$$--x 3 = 99$$

$$---x$$
 11 = 55

$$--x 7 = 42$$